DETECT-A-FIRE®

Detection and Release Devices



12.01.10

FEATURES

- Repeatable resets itself, nothing to replace, testable
- · Rugged withstands shock and vibration
- · Versatile various temperature settings available
- Durable long lasting stainless steel shell
- Economical wide spacings reduce installation costs
- Factory set internal contact area is hermetically sealed in stainless steel

APPLICATIONS

- Protection of schools, factories, offices, libraries, etc.
- Power generation
- · Gas station islands
- Paint spray booths
- Range hoods



DETECT-A-FIRE units are the "heart" of many Fire Protection Systems. These highly reliable devices have been a standard of the industry for over 45 years. Many thousands of these units are now in use controlling the release of extinguishants such as clean agents, C02, water, or dry chemicals. In some systems the device is used as an ALARM device, to sense overheat or fire, and alert personnel. In other systems, it is used as a RELEASE device, to sense fire and actuate fire attack systems.

DETECT-A-FIRE units have met with wide acceptance because they are designed with RATE COMPENSATION. This provides a unique advantage over both fixed temperature and rate-of-rise types of detectors because only the DETECT-A-FIRE unit accurately senses the surrounding air temperature regardless of the fire growth rate. At precisely the predetermined danger point, the system is activated.

Fixed temperature detectors must be completely heated to alarm temperature and therefore a disastrous lag in time may occur with a fast rate fire. Rate-of-rise devices, on the other hand, are triggered by the rate of increase in ambient temperature and are subject to false alarms caused by harmless, transient thermal gradients such as the rush of warm air from process ovens.

The secret of the unit's sensitivity is in the design (Figure



1). The outer shell is made of a rapidly expanding alloy which closely follows changes in surrounding air temperature. The inner struts are made of a lower expanding alloy. Designed to resist thermal energy absorption and sealed inside the shell, the struts follow temperature changes more slowly.

A slow rate fire (Figure 2) will heat the shell and struts together. At the "set point," the unit will trigger, actuating the alarm or releasing the extinguishant.

A transient rush of warm air up to 40° F/min. may expand the shell, but not enough to trigger the unit. By ignoring transient warm air excursions, the DETECT-A-FIRE unit virtually eliminates false alarms prevalent with rate-of-rise devices.

If a fast rate fire (Figure 3) starts, the shell will expand rapidly. The struts will close, actuating the alarm or releasing the agent. The faster the fire rate of growth, the sooner the DETECT-A-FIRE unit will react.

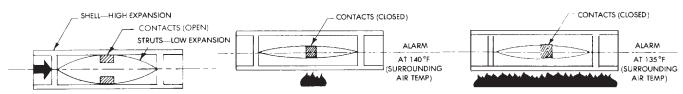


FIGURE 1: READY FIGURE 2: SLOW FIRE

FIGURE 3: FAST FIRE

SPECIFICATIONS

HORIZONTAL DETECT-A-FIRE-UNITS

Horizontal detectors are designed for locations where appearance is a factor. The attractive, functional design lends physical protection of the unit while making it suitable for commercial, industrial, mercantile and public buildings, institutions and ships in non-hazardous locations (those classified as "ordinary" under the National Electric Code). Flush mounted units are designed to fit standard 4" octagonal electrical boxes and surface mounting units are designed to mount directly on ceilings or on 4" electrical junction boxes. Canadian Electrical Codes requires mounting only to an electrical junction box.

VERTICAL DETECT-A-FIRE-UNITS

Vertical detectors are designed for use in both "ordinary" or "hazardous" locations. For "ordinary" use, they may be mounted to any approved junction box with 7/8" diameter opening by using 1/2-14 NPT mounting nuts. The device may be wired in or out of conduit, depending on local preference and codes. Four leadwires are provided on normally open vertical units (that close on temperature rise), per UL requirement, to facilitate supervision of system wiring. Instruments are Underwriters Laboratory and Underwriters Laboratory of Canada listed and Factory Mutual approved for hazardous locations, when mounted in a suitable fitting.

MOUNTING

DETECT-A-FIRE units are not position sensitive. Horizontal and vertical detectors refer to the most common mounting configuration for that unit. However, each type can be mounted either horizontally or vertically depending on the application and installation requirements.

HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS	DETECTOR TYPE	FITTING REQUIRED FOR UL & ULC LISTINGS AND FM APPROVAL
Class I, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Groups E, F and G	12-X27120-022 12-X27121-020 12-X28020-003 12-X28021-005	Mount detector to a suitable listed fitting in accordance with National Electric
Class I, Groups B, C and D; Class II , Groups E, F and G	12-X27120-000 12-X27121-000	Code and/or local authority having jurisdiction.

NOTES

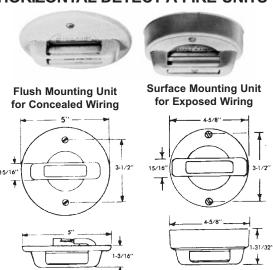
- A: Spacings shown are distances between units on smooth ceilings, the distances from partitions or walls would be half that shown. Authority having LOCAL jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.
- B: Temperature preset at factory only.
- C: In applications where corrosion is suspect, care should be taken to protect the DETECT-A-FIRE unit to realize optimum performance and maximum life. Consult factory for suggestions.
- D: Up to 375°F-#18 AWG Teflon insulated wire used on units.
 Above 375°F-#16 AWG TGGT insulated wire used on units.
- E: Per UL521 requirements low temperature exposure test is -22°F (-30°C)

Specifications subject to change without notice.

UL of Canada labeling available upon request.

Although incandescent lamps are considered resistive, their inrush current is 10-15 times their steady current. Do not exceed ratings.

HORIZONTAL DETECT-A-FIRE-UNITS



12-X27020-000 12-X27021-000 12-X27020-001 12-X27021-001

MODEL NO.	CONTACT OPERATION ON TEMPERATURE RISE	APPROX. WEIGHT PER UNIT	ELECTRICAL RATING (RESISTIVE ONLY)
12-X27020-000 12-X27020-001	Opens (325°F Max	10 oz	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC
12-X27021-000 12-X27021-001	Closes (325°F (Max)	10 oz	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC 2.0 Amps 24 VDC 1.0 Amps 48 VDC

CONSTRUCTION

Stainless steel shell sensing element. Cold rolled steel mounting facility. Off-White finish.

TEMPERATURE RATING

(Suggested setting a minimum of 100°F above ambient)

HORIZONTAL DETECT-A-FIRE MODELS

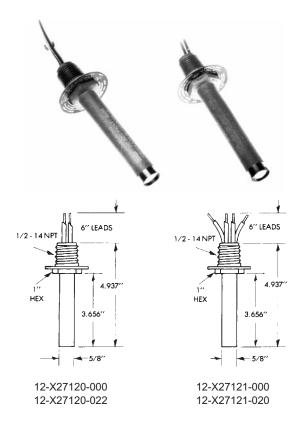
Model Number 27020*, 27021

°F	°F	Spac	Spacings (in feet)			Color
Setting	Tolerance	UL	ULc	FM	RTI	Coding
140	+7/-8	50	50	20	Quick	Black
160	+7/-8	25	25	20	Quick	Black
190	+7/-8	50	50	25	Fast	White
210	+7/-8	25	50	25	Fast	White
225	+7/-8	25	50	25	Fast	White
275	±10	25	50	25	Fast	Blue
325	±10	50	50	25	Fast	Red

* 27020 is a normally closed device and does not meet the requirements of NFPA-72 for use as an initiating device.

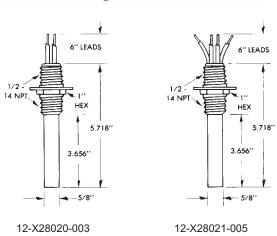
VERTICAL DETECT-A-FIRE-UNITS

(Hexagonal Head)



VERTICAL DETECT-A-FIRE-UNITS (Coupling Head)





VERTICAL DETECT-A-FIRE MODELS

Model Number 27120*, 27121

°F	°F	Spac	ings (in	RTI	Color	
Setting	Tolerance	UL	ULc	FM		Coding
140	+7/-8	50	50	25	Fast	Black
160	+7/-8	25	25	25	Fast	Black
190	+7/-8	50	50	25	Fast	White
210	+7/-8	25	50	30	V-Fast	White
225	+7/-8	25	50	30	V-Fast	White
275	±10	25	50	30	V-Fast	Blue
325	±10	50	50	30	V-Fast	Red
360	±10	25	50	30	V-Fast	Red
450	±15	25	50	30	V-Fast	Green
500	±15	50	50	30	V-Fast	Orange
600	±20	N/A	50	30	V-Fast	Orange
725	±20	N/A	50	30	V-Fast	Orange

^{* 27120} is a normally closed device and does not meet the requirements of NFPA-72 for use as an initiating device.

Model Number 28020*, 28021

°F	°F	Spac	cings (in	RTI	Color		
Setting	Tolerance	UL	ULc	FM	KII	Coding	
140	+7/-8	50	50	30	V-Fast	Black	
160	+7/-8	25	25	30	V-Fast	Black	
190	+7/-8	50	50	30	V-Fast	White	
210	+7/-8	25	50	30	V-Fast	White	
225	+7/-8	25	50	30	V-Fast	White	
275	±10	25	50	30	V-Fast	Blue	
325	±10	50	50	30	V-Fast	Red	
360	±10	25	50	30	V-Fast	Red	
450	±15	25	50	30	V-Fast	Green	
500	±15	50	50	30	V-Fast	Orange	
600	±20	N/A	50	30	V-Fast	Orange	
725	±20	N/A	50	30	V-Fast	Orange	

Note: For clean agents and CO2 supression systems, ceiling spacing 20ft. apart unless otherwise specified.

^{* 28020} is a normally closed device and does not meet the requirements of NFPA-72 for use as an initiating device.

MODEL NUMBER	MOUNTING HEAD MATERIAL	SHELL MATERIAL	CONTACT OPERATION ON TEMPERATURE RISE	ELECTRICAL RATING (RESISTIVE ONLY)	APPR0X. WEIGHT PER UNIT
12-X27120-000 12-X27120-022	Brass Type 300 Stainless Steel		Opens (450°F Max)	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC	5 oz.
12-X27121-000 12-X27121-020	Brass Type 300 Stainless Steel	Type 300	Closes	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC 2.0 Amps 24 VDC 1.0 Amps 48 VDC	5 oz.
12X28020-003	Type 300 Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	Opens (450°F Max.)	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC	5 oz.
12-X28021-005	Type 300 Stainless Steel		Closes	5.0 Amps 125 VAC 0.5 Amps 125 VDC 2.0 Amps 24 VDC 1.0 Amps 48 VDC	5 oz.

х

Indicates a stock unit

STOCKED MODELS AND TEMPERATURE SETTINGS

(Suggested setting a minimum of 100°F above ambient)

	TEMPERATURE SETTING (°F)									
MODEL	140	160	190	225	275	325	360	450	600	725
12-X27020-000	Х		Х							
12-X27020-001	Х									
12-X27021-000	Х		Х							
12-X27021-001	Х		Х							
12-X27120-000		Х	Х	Х		Х				
12-X27121-000	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
12-X28021-005				Х				Х		

This chart shows three categories of fire detection devices and their relative response levels for reaction to three different rate-of-rise conditions. Statistics indicate that 97% of all fires fall within these categories.

RATE-OF-RISE						
TYPE OF DEVICE	UNDER 10°F/MIN.	BETWEEN 10-40°F/MIN	OVER 40°F/MIN			
Rate Compensated DETECT-A-FIRE Unit	FIRST	FIRST	SECOND but at selected protection level			
Fixed Temperature	SECOND	SECOND	THIRD			
Rate-of-Rise	Will not operate unless fixed temperature supplement at 165°F is provided, then it is THIRD in sequence	Will not operate unless fixed temperature supplement at 165°F is provided, then it is THIRD in sequence	FIRST but may be a false alarm			

MODIFICATIONS

12-992012-XXX, Fluorocarbon coating, Available on 27120-022, 27121-020, 28020-003, 28021-005 models only (500 °F max.).

AGENCY LISTINGS

Fenwal DETECT-A-FIRE units are UL and ULC listed and FM approved as fire detection thermostats (close on temperature rise) and as releasing devices (open on temperature rise).

AGENCY	FILE NUMBER	LOCATION
UL	S492	Ordinary
UL	E19310	Hazardous
ULC	CS341-E	Ordinary and Hazardous
FM	J.I. OV3HO.AE	Hazardous
FM	17302	Ordinary
UL	S2410	Ordinary (600 & 725°F)
UL	E89599	Hazardous (600 & 725°F)

HOW TO ORDER

- Select the DETECT-A-FIRE model from specifications on pages 2 and 3.
- Refer to temperature rating chart on page 2, select temperature setting required and add this number to base catalog number.

EXAMPLE: Vertical DETECT-A-FIRE set to close at 225° F.



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These instructions do not purport to cover all the details or variations in the equipment described, nor do they provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with installation, operation and maintenance. All specifications are subject to change without note. Should further information be desired or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the purchaser's purposes, the matter should be referred to KIDDE-FENWAL, Inc., Ashland, MA.

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